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NEW DELHI, SATURDAY, JULY 1, 1950

NOTICE

The undermentioned Gazettes of India Extraordinary were published during the week ending the 27th June 1950:—

S. No	No. and Date	Issued by	Subject
1	S. R. O. 164, dated the 21st June 1950.	Ministry of Finance (Revenue Division).	Cancellation of the Ministry of Finance (Revenue Division) Notification No 66-Customs, dated the 26th November 1949.
2	S. R. O. 184, dated the 24th June 1950.	Ministry of Industry and Supply.	Cancellation of (i) The Paper Control (Economy) Order, 1945, (ii) The Paper Control (Distribution) Order, 1944, (iii) The Paper Price Control Order, 1945 and (iv) The Paper Control (Prices of Board) Order, 1944, with effect from the 24th June, 1950.

Copies of the Gazettes Extraordinary mentioned above will be supplied on indent to the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi. Indents should be submitted so as to reach the Manager within ten days of the date of issue of this Gazette.

PART II—Section 3

Statutory Rules and Orders issued by the Ministries of the Government of India (other than the Ministry of Defence) and Central Authorities (other than the Chief Commissioners).

MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRSNew Delhi, the 22nd June 1950

R.O. 187.—In pursuance of clause (1) of article 239 of the Constitution, the President is pleased to direct that the Chief Commissioner of Delhi shall exercise in the State of Delhi the functions of the State Government under the provisions of the Electricity (Supply) Act, 1948 (Act LIV of 1948) namely:—

Section 4 of Section 1
Section 5
Section 9
Section 10
Section 11

Section 16
Section 17
Section 70
Section 75

[20/9/50-Judl.]
E. C. GAYNOR, Dy. Secy.

New Delhi, the 27th June 1950

S.R.O. 188.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 27 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), the Central Government is pleased to exempt Lt.-Col Theodore C. Mataxis of the United States of America from the prohibitions and directions contained in section 6 of the said Act in respect of one 9 m.m. German Luger and 560 rounds of ammunition therefor.

2. The exemption shall be valid for a period of two months from the date of the issue of this notification.

[9/89-50-Police(I)]
U. K. GHOSHAL, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS

New Delhi, the 15th June, 1950

S.R.O. 189.—The following draft of certain further amendments to the Indian Pilgrim Ships Rules, 1933, which it is proposed to make in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 218 of the Indian Merchant Shipping Act, 1923 (XXI of 1923), is published, as required by sub-section (3) of the said section, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 1st July, 1950.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date specified, will be considered by the Central Government.

Draft Amendments

I. In the said Rules—

- (1) For the words "His Majesty's Representative" wherever they occur, the words "the Representative of the Government of India" shall be substituted.
- (2) For the words "the Provinces of India", wherever they occur, the word "India" shall be substituted.
- (3) In rule 148, for the word "Crown", wherever it occurs, the word "Government" shall be substituted.
- (4) In sub-rule (3) of rule 168 and in sub-rule (1) of rule 182 for the words "Port in the Provinces of India", the words "Indian Port" shall be substituted.
- (5) In sub-clause (iii) of clause (b) of sub-rule (3) of rule 171, for the words "East Punjab", the word "Punjab" shall be substituted.

II. In Forms V and VIII of the Forms appended to the said Rules, for words "Governor General", wherever they occur, the word "President" shall be substituted.

[F.97-8/49-AWT(II).]
LEILAMANI NAIDU, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF :

New Delhi, the 16th June 1950

M/5

S.R.O. 190.—In pursuance of clause (1) of article 239 of the Constitution, the President is pleased to direct that all powers and functions of the Vindhya Pradesh Government under any of the Ordinances which, having been promulgated by the Rajpramukh of Vindhya Pradesh before the 1st day of January 1950, is for the time being in force in the State of Vindhya Pradesh shall, subject to the control of the Central Government, be exercised and discharged by the Chief Commissioner of Vindhya Pradesh.

(No. 67-P.)

S.R.O. 191.—In pursuance of clause (1) of article 239 of the Constitution, the President is pleased to direct that all powers and functions of the State Government under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), as for the time being in force in the State of Vindhya Pradesh, shall, subject to the control of the Central Government, be exercised and discharged by the Chief Commissioner of Vindhya Pradesh.

(No. 68-P.)

V. P. MENON, Secy.

New Delhi, the 21st June 1950

S.R.O. 192.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 7 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Central Government is pleased to notify that the Districts of Rewa and Sidhi in the State of Vindhya Pradesh shall constitute one sessions division for the purposes of the said Code.

(No. 71-J.)

S.R.O. 193.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 9 of the Criminal Procedure Code, 1898, (Act V of 1898), the Central Government is pleased to establish a Court of Sessions for the sessions division of Rewa and Sidhi and to appoint Shri Chandrika Prasad Dube, B.Sc., L.L.B., District and Sessions Judge, Rewa as a Judge of the said Court and to direct that the said Court shall hold its sitting at Rewa.

(No. 72-J.)

A. N. SACHDEV, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF FINANCE

(Department of Economic Affairs)

New Delhi, the 28th June 1950

S.R.O. 194.—In pursuance of clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 8 of the Reserve Bank of India, 1934 (II of 1934), and in partial modification of the Notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance, No. F.8(5)-F.1/49, dated the 15th January, 1949, the Central Government is pleased to

nominate Mr. P. C. Bhattacharyya to be a Director of Central Board of the Reserve Bank of India, with effect from the 1st July, 1950, vice Mr. K. G. Ambegaokar, I.C.S.

[F.3(29)-F.1/50.]

S.R.O. 195.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Rehabilitation Finance Administration Act, 1948 (XII of 1948), and in partial modification of the Notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance, No. F.10(11)-F.I/50, dated the 22nd May, 1950, the Central Government is pleased to appoint Mr. V. D. Dantyagi, Joint Secretary to the Government of India in the Ministry of Rehabilitation, as a member of the Rehabilitation Finance Administration, vice Mr. Nakul Sen, I.C.S.

[F. 10(11)-F.I/50]

S. K. SEN, Dy. Secy.

GENERAL BOARD OF REVENUE

CUSTOMS

New Delhi, the 1st July 1950

S.R.O. 196.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Land Customs Act, 1924 (XIX of 1924), and in supersession of all notifications and orders issued in this behalf by the Tripura State, the Central Board of Revenue is pleased—

- (a) to establish Land Customs Stations specified in column 1 of the Schedule hereto annexed for the levy of duties of Land Customs in the Land Customs areas adjoining the frontier with the Dominion of Pakistan, and
- (b) to prescribe the routes specified in column 2 of the said Schedule as the routes by which along any goods may pass by land out of or into the Dominion of Pakistan or to or from any Land Customs Station specified in column 1 of the said Schedule from or to the Pakistan frontier.

SCHEDULE

Land Customs Stations 1	Routes by which alone goods shall pass 2
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Land customs areas under the jurisdiction of the Collector of Central Excise and Land Customs, Shillong

Tripura State

1. Ragna (in Dharmanagar Division)

- (i) the motorable road from Dharmanagar to Ragna;
- (ii) the portion of the Juri River lying between Dharmanagar and Ragna.

1

2

2. Menu (in Kailashahar Division)	(i) River Manu from Fatikrai to Manughat ; (ii) the foot track from Takirambari to Manughat ; (iii) the foot track from Fatikrai to Manughat ; (iv) motorable road from Kailashahar to Samshernagar.
3. Dhalaighat (in Kamalpur Sub-division)	(i) The River Dhalai from Halahali to Dhalai Chacking Station ; (ii) The road from Halahali to Kamalpur.
4. Khowaighat (in Khowai Division)	(i) The river Khowai from Belamura to Khowaighat ; (ii) the road from Kalyanpur to Khowaighat.
5. Sidhai (in Sadar Division)	(i) The road from Agartola passing through Sidhai ; (ii) the road between Sidhai and Mantala.
6. Agartola Air Port (in Sadar Division)	The Agartola Airfield.
7. Agartola Air Port (in Sadar Division)	The road between Agartola and Akhaura Road Police outpost.
8. Mantali Air Port (in Sadar Division)	(i) The river Howrah upto Mantalighat ; (ii) the Agartola-Mogra Road.
9. Kamalasagar Air Port (in Sadar Division)	The road from Bisalgarh to Kamalasagar.
10. Kamthana Air Port (in Sadar Division)	The portion of the Buriganga river from Bisalgaon to Kamthana.
11. Savarmuraghata (in Sonamura Division)	(i) The river Gurati ; (ii) Udaipur Connilla Road.
12. Kakrighat (in Sonamura Division)	The river Kakri.
13. Muhurighat (in Belonia Division)	(i) The river Muhuri upto Muhurighat ; (ii) the road from Muhurighat leading to Belonia Railway Station.
14. Radhanugur (in Belonia Division)	Choudhigram-Bhula Road.
15. Motai (in Belonia Division)	The local foot track.
16. Krishnamukh (in Belonia Division)	The local foot track.
17. Amlighat (in Subroom Division)	(i) Feni river ; (ii) the road from Amlighat leading to Sabhapur.
18. Betaga Ludhna (in Subroom Division)	(i) The river Manu from Manubazar to Ludhna ; (ii) the river Feni from Betaga-Ludhna to Amlighat.
19. Magroom	(i) Devcherra ; (ii) Bagachatalcherra ; (iii) Local foot tracks.

(No. 61)

D. P. ANAND, Secy.

MINISTRY OF COMMERCE

TRADE MARKS

New Delhi, the 1st July 1950

S.R.O. 197.—In pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 138 of the Trade Marks Rules 1942, it is hereby notified that in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of sub-rule (1) of the said rule the Central Government has been pleased to remove from the Agents' Register the name of Mr. P. L. Spencer.

[118(5)-Law (B)/50]

H. C. SARIN, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND SUPPLY

New Delhi, the 27th June 1950

S.R.O. 198.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act, 1946 (XXIV of 1946), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the Iron and Steel (Control of Production and Distribution) Order, 1941, namely—

In the said order, in clause 11 (2):

(A) for sub-clause (a) the following sub-clause shall be substituted, namely—

“(a) Produce to such person, such accounts and other documents and within such period as may be specified in the notice or direction”.

(B) in sub-clause (b) for the words “as may be mentioned or described in the notice or direction” the words “and within such period as may be specified in the notice or direction” shall be substituted

[I(I)-4(59).]

S.R.O. 199.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clause (a) of clause 2 of the Iron and Steel (Control of Production and Distribution) Order, 1941, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Industry and Supply, No I(I)-1(771) dated the 29th November 1948, namely—

In the Schedule annexed to the said notification, for the words “Provincial Rationing Officer (Iron and Steel), Bombay” the words “Rationing Officer (Iron and Steel), Bombay” shall be substituted.

[I(I)-1(771)-1.]

S.R.O. 200.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clause (a) of clause 2 of the Iron and Steel (Control of Production and Distribution) Order, 1941, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Industry and Supply, No I(I)-1(530)D dated the 26th May 1946, namely—

In the Schedule annexed to the said notification, for the words “The Provincial Rationing Officer (Iron and Steel), Bombay” the words “Rationing Officer (Iron and Steel), Bombay” shall be substituted

[I(I)-1(771)-2.]

S.R.O. 201.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clause (a) of clause 2 of the Iron and Steel (Control of Production and Distribution) Order, 1941, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Industry and Supply, No. I(I)-1(699)/48-B dated the 16th August 1948, namely—

In the Schedule annexed to the said notification, for the words “The Provincial Rationing Officer (Iron and Steel), Bombay” the words “Rationing Officer (Iron and Steel), Bombay” shall be substituted.

[I(I)-1(771)-3.]

S.R.O. 202.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clause (a) of clause 2 of the Iron and Steel (Control of Production and Distribution) Order, 1941,

the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Industry and Supply, No. I(1)-1(106) dated the 8th March 1948, namely—

In the Schedule annexed to the said notification, for the words “Provincial Rationing Officer (Iron and Steel), Bombay” the words “Rationing Officer (Iron and Steel), Bombay” shall be substituted.

[I(1)-1(771)-4.]

S.R.O. 203.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clause (b) of clause 2 of the Iron and Steel (Scrap Control) Order, 1943, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Industry and Supply, No. I(1)-1(779) dated the 8th November 1948, namely—

In the Schedule annexed to the said notification, for the words “Provincial Rationing Officer (Iron and Steel), Bombay” the words “Rationing Officer (Iron and Steel), Bombay” shall be substituted.

[I(1)-1(771)-5.]

S.R.O. 204.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clause (b) of clause 2 of the Iron and Steel (Scrap Control) Order, 1943, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Industry and Supply, No. I(1)-4(82)B dated the 8th November 1949, namely—

In the Schedule annexed to the said notification, for the words “The Provincial Rationing Officer (Iron & Steel), Bombay” the words “Rationing Officer (Iron and Steel), Bombay” shall be substituted.

[I(1)-1(771)-6.]

S.R.O. 205.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clause (b) of clause 2 of the Iron and Steel (Scrap Control) Order, 1943, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Industry and Supply No. I(1)-1(580)C dated the 26th May 1948, namely—

In the Schedule annexed to the said notification, for the words “The Provincial Rationing Officer (Iron and Steel), Bombay” the words “Rationing Officer (Iron and Steel), Bombay” shall be substituted.

[I(1)-1(771)-7.]

N. R. REDDY, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE

New Delhi, the 24th June 1950

S.R.O. 206.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4A of Destructive Insects and Pests Act, 1914 (II of 1914), the Central Government is pleased to make, with effect from the 7th July 1950 the following for the purpose of regulating the import into the Part A and Part C States

bananas which are likely to carry the destructive disease known as BUNCHY TOP, and thereby cause infection to crops, namely:—

Rules

1. In these rules

- (a) "infected area" means the State of Orissa;
- (b) "Banana" means a plant of banana or part thereof, or any other plant of the genus *Musa*, including their suckers, stems, leaves, flowers and fruit.

2. These rules apply in respect of the following articles:—

- (a) bananas;
- (b) any articles used in packing or wrapping up bananas.

3. No person shall export or transport from the infected area to any other Part A State or Part C State any banana, by any means whatsoever.

(F.9-12/49-PPS)

P. M. DAS GUPTA, Dy. Secy.

New Delhi, the 26th June 1950

S.R.O. 207.—In pursuance of clause (a) of section 2 of the Livestock Importation Act, 1898 (IX of 1898), and in modification of the late Education, Health and Lands Department notification No. F.32-12(13)/44-A, dated the 12th August 1944, the Central Government is pleased to specify the following, other diseases as infectious or contagious disorders for the purposes of the said Act, namely:—

1. Tick Pest.
2. Equine infectious anaemia.
3. Equine Influenza.
4. Mal de Caderas.
5. Malignant Cattarhal fever.
6. Heartwater.
7. Blowfly Strike.
8. Blue Tongue in Sheep.
9. Aujeszky's disease.
10. Swine fever.
11. Fowl Plague.
12. Fowl typhoid.
13. Avian Leucosis.
14. Psittacosis.
15. Leptospira icterohaemorrhagic infection.
16. Bacillary White Diarrhoea.

[F.12-75(I)/49-L]

S.R.O. 208.—In pursuance of clause (b) of section 2 of the Livestock Importation Act, 1898 (IX of 1898), and in modification of the late Education, Health and Lands Department notification No. F.32-14/44-A dated 14

August 1944, the Central Government is pleased to specify the following other animals as livestock for the purposes of the said Act, namely:—

Poultry, parrots, pigeons and dogs.

[F.12-75(1T)/49-L]

S. K. MIRCHANDANI, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF FOOD

New Delhi, the 1st July 1950

S.R.O. 209.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act, 1946 (XIV of 1946) as extended to Bhopal by the Merged States (Laws) Act, 1949, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the power to make Orders conferred on it by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the said Act to provide for the matters specified in sub-section (2) thereof shall, in relation to foodstuffs, including gram, sugar and *gur*, but excluding other pulses, edible oils and edible oilseeds, be exercisable also by the Chief Commissioner, Bhopal:

Provided that—

- (a) before making any order relating to any matter specified in clauses (a), (b), (c), (d), (f) and (g) of the said sub-section (2) the Chief Commissioner shall obtain the concurrence of the Central Government;
- (b) no order made in the exercise of the aforesaid powers shall have effect so as to prohibit or restrict the export, from any place in Bhopal State to any place outside India, of any articles or things.

[CG. 604(30)/50]

K. R. DAMLE, Joint Secy.

MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT

New Delhi, the 1st July 1950

S.R.O. 210.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of sub-section (2) of section 52 of the Delhi Road Transport Authority Act, 1950 (XIII of 1950), the Central Government is pleased to make the following rules, namely:—

1. *Short title and commencement.*—(1) These rules may be called the Delhi Road Transport Authority (Members Allowances and Fees) Rules, 1950.
(2) They shall be deemed to have come into force on the 1st day of April, 1950.
2. *Definitions.*—In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires,—
(a) “Act” means the Delhi Road Transport Authority Act, 1950 (XIII of 1950), and
(b) “Authority” means the Delhi Road Transport Authority.
3. *Fees for attendance at meetings or for performance of other duties.*—Every member or associate member referred to in section 14 of the Act shall, if he is not a whole time Government servant, be entitled to receive from the funds of the Authority a fee of fifteen rupees for every day or part thereof on

which he attends a meeting of the Authority or performs any duty assigned to him by the Authority for the purposes of the Act.

Provided that the aggregate amount of fees payable to any member or associate member during any one month shall not exceed one hundred and fifty rupees.

4. *Travelling and halting allowances*—If any member or associate member referred to in section 14 of the Act, performs any journey to a place outside Delhi in connection with the performance of any duty assigned to him by the Authority, or if any member or associate member having his usual place of residence, office or business outside Delhi performs any journey to Delhi for the purpose of attending a meeting of the Authority or in connection with the performance of any duty assigned to him by the Authority, he shall receive from the funds of the Authority travelling and halting allowances at the scale and on the conditions admissible to a Central Government officer of the First Grade:

Provided that the rate of halting allowance shall be a fixed sum of seven rupees and eight annas a day.

[51-TAG(23)/50]

T. S. PARASURAMAN, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS

(Railway Board)

New Delhi, 27th June 1950

S.R.O. 211.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 82J of the Indian Railways Act 1890 (IX of 1890), the Central Government is pleased to make the following rules:—

PART I

PRELIMINARY

1. *Short Title*.—(1) These rules may be called the Railway Accidents (Compensation) Rules, 1950.

(2) They shall come into force on the first day of July, 1950.

2. *Definitions*.—In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires,—

(a) "Act" means the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890);

(b) "Commissioner" means a Claims Commissioner appointed under section 82B of the Act;

(c) "major accident" means an accident of the nature described in section 82A of the Act.—

(a) which according to the report of the accident made to the Central Government by the railway administration concerned has resulted in the death of more than ten passengers or in more than twenty casualties; or

(b) which the Central Government by order published in the Official Gazette declares to be a major accident.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this clause a 'casualty' means the death or partial disablement or total disablement of any passenger.

(d) "minor accident" means an accident which is not a major accident;

(e) "partial disablement" and "total disablement" have the meanings respectively assigned to them in the Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923 (VII of 1923);

(f) "schedule" means the schedule to these rules;

(g) "section" means a section of

II

QUALIFICATIONS AND CONDITIONS OF SERVICE OF CLAIMS COMMISSIONERS

3. *Qualifications for Commissioners.*—A person shall not be qualified for appointment as a Claims Commissioner unless he—

(a) is, has been or is qualified for appointment as a Judge of a High Court; or

(b) is, or has exercised the powers of a district judge, a joint judge or an additional district judge; or

(c) is, or has exercised the powers of a district magistrate or an additional district magistrate.

4. *Appointment of Claims Commissioners.*—(1) The Central Government may appoint any District Judge or District Magistrate as an *ad-hoc* Claims Commissioner for inquiring into and determining claims arising out of a minor accident occurring in the area within the jurisdiction of such District Judge or District Magistrate.

(2) In the case of a major accident, the Central Government shall appoint a person who is qualified under rule 3 as an *ad-hoc* Claims Commissioner.

(3) Where an *ad-hoc* Claims Commissioner appointed under sub-rule (2) has ceased to function, all additional and further claims arising out of the major accident may be preferred to the *ad-hoc* Claims Commissioner appointed under sub-rule (1) for the area in which the accident occurred.

5. *Conditions of service.*—(1) A Commissioner appointed to enquire into and determine claims arising out of a major accident shall be paid such remuneration and such travelling and other allowances as may be determined by the Central Government.

(2) A Commissioner appointed to inquire into and determine claims arising out of a minor accident shall be paid such travelling and other allowances as are admissible to him under the rules governing his conditions of service.

PART III

RATES OF COMPENSATION

6. *Amount of compensation.*—(1) The amount of compensation payable in respect of death or for injuries causing partial disablement or total disablement shall be at the rates set out in the schedule.

(2) In case of a partial disablement arising out of an injury not specified in Part II of the Schedule, such percentage of the compensation payable in the case of a total disablement as is proportionate to the loss of earning capacity permanently caused by the injury, shall be payable:

Provided that where more than one injury is caused by the same accident, compensation shall be payable in respect of each injury but so that the aggregate

amount of compensation does not exceed the amount which would have been payable if a total disablement had resulted from such injuries.

Provided further that where compensation has been paid for any injury which is less than the amount which would have been payable as compensation if the injured person had died and that person subsequently dies as a result of the injury, a further compensation equal to the difference between the amount payable and that already paid shall become payable.

7. *Compensation for loss of goods and animals*—Compensation for loss, destruction or deterioration of goods or animals shall be paid to such extent as the Commissioner in the circumstances deems reasonable, provided that such compensation together with any compensation payable for personal injury shall not, in respect of any one person, exceed the limit specified in sub-section (2) of Section 82A.

PART II

PROCEDURE FOR DETERMINATION OF CLAIMS

8. *Introductory*.—Save as otherwise provided in these rules, the procedure to be followed by a Commissioner in determining claims for compensation under the Act shall be regulated in accordance with the rules contained in this part.

9. *Information regarding accidents*.—As soon as a Commissioner is appointed, the General Manager or other executive head of the Railway Administration concerned shall furnish the Commissioner with the following information:—

- (a) a complete list of the passengers killed or injured as a result of the accident, together with the names and addresses of such passengers;
- (b) a statement of the injuries sustained by the passengers who are injured, signed by the medical authority attending on such passengers;
- (c) the number of unidentified bodies, together with a brief description of each such body.

10. *Assessors*.—(1) In an enquiry into a major accident the Commissioner may call in the aid of assessors, not exceeding two in number, who possess any technical or special knowledge with respect to any matter before the Commissioner.

(2) An assessor shall perform such functions as the Commissioner may direct.

(3) The remuneration, if any, to be paid to an assessor shall in every case be determined by the Commissioner and be paid by him as part of the expenses of the execution of the Act.

11. *Applications*.—(1) Every application under Section 82C for payment of compensation under Section 82A shall contain the following particulars:—

- (i) Whether the person in respect of whom compensation is claimed was a passenger in the train which met with the accident.
- (ii) The nature of the injuries sustained by such person (in case of death the date of death).
- (iii) The age of the injured person or of the deceased.
- (iv) The monthly income of the injured person or of the deceased.
- (v) Particulars of any animal or goods lost, destroyed or deteriorated as a result of the accident.

(vi) The amount of compensation claimed.

(2) Every such application shall be sent to the Commissioner by registered post or may be presented to him or to any of his subordinates authorised by him in this behalf and, if so sent or presented, shall, unless the Commissioner otherwise directs, be made in duplicate and shall be signed by the applicant.

(3) There shall be appended to every such application a certificate, which shall be signed by the applicant, to the effect that the statement of facts contained in the application is to the best of his knowledge and ability true.

12. *Examination of applicant*.—On receiving an application under rule 11, the Commissioner may examine the applicant upon oath, and the substance of such examination shall be reduced to writing and shall be signed by the Commissioner.

13. *Summary dismissal of application*.—The Commissioner may, after considering the application and the statement, if any, of the applicant recorded under rule 12, summarily dismiss the application, if, for reasons to be recorded, he is of opinion that there are not sufficient grounds for proceeding therewith.

14. *Notice to opposite party*.—If the application is not dismissed under rule 13, the Commissioner shall send to the Railway Administration from whom the applicant claims relief (hereinafter referred to as the opposite party), a copy of the application, together with a notice of the date on which he will dispose of the application, and may call upon the parties to produce upon that date any evidence which they may wish to tender.

15. *Appearance and examination of opposite party*.—(1) The opposite party may, and if so required by the Commissioner, shall, at or before the first hearing or within such time as the Commissioner may permit, file a written statement dealing with the claim raised in the application, and any such written statement shall form part of the record.

(2) If the opposite party contests the claim, the Commissioner may, and if no written statement has been filed, shall, proceed to examine him upon the claim and shall reduce the result of the examination to writing.

16. *Framing of issues*.—After considering any written statement and the result of any examination of the parties, the Commissioner shall ascertain upon what material propositions of fact or of law the parties are at variance, and shall thereupon proceed to frame and record the issues upon which the right decision of the case appears to him to depend.

17. *Determination of issues*.—After framing the issues the Commissioner shall proceed to record evidence thereon which each party may desire to produce.

18. *Method of recording evidence*.—The Commissioner shall make a brief memorandum of the substance of the evidence of every witness as examination of the witness proceeds, and such memorandum shall be written and signed by the Commissioner with his own hand and shall form part of the record:

Provided that, if the Commissioner is prevented from making such memorandum, he shall record the reason of his inability to do so and shall cause such memorandum to be made in writing from his dictation and shall sign the same, and such memorandum shall form part of the record:

Provided further that the evidence of any medical witness shall be taken down as nearly as may be word for word.

19. *Local inspection.*—(1) The Commissioner may at any time during the course of an inquiry before him visit the site at which the accident occurred for the purpose of making a local inspection or examining any persons likely to be able to give information relevant to the proceedings.

(2) Any party or the representative of any party may accompany the Commissioner for a local inspection.

(3) The Commissioner, after making a local inspection, shall note briefly in a memorandum any facts observed, and shall show the memorandum to any party who desires to see the same, and shall supply any party with a copy thereof.

(4) The memorandum shall form part of the record.

20. *Power of summary examination.*—(1) The Commissioner during a local inspection or at any other time, save at a formal hearing of a case pending before him, may examine summarily any person likely to be able to give information relating to such case, whether such person has been or is to be called as a witness in the case or not, and whether any or all of the parties are present or not.

(2) No oath shall be administered to a person examined under sub-rule (1).

21. *Diary.*—The Commissioner shall maintain under his hand a brief diary of the proceedings on an application.

22. *Reasons for postponement to be recorded.*—If the Commissioner finds it impossible to dispose of an application at one hearing, he shall record the reasons which necessitate the postponement.

23. *Judgment.*—The Commissioner, in passing orders, shall record concisely in a judgment the finding on each of the issues framed and his reasons for such finding.

24. *Summoning of witnesses.*—If an application is presented by any party to the proceedings for the citation of witnesses, the Commissioner shall, on payment of the prescribed expenses and fees, if any, issue summonses for the appearance of such witnesses, unless he considers that their appearance is not necessary for a just decision of the case.

25. *Appearance of legal practitioner.*—A Commissioner may, in his discretion, allow any party to appear before him through a legal practitioner.

26. *Receipt for compensation.*—Upon payment of compensation a receipt shall be obtained by the Commissioner and such receipt shall be forwarded to the General Manager or other executive head of the Railway Administration concerned for purposes of record.

27. *Code of Civil Procedure to apply in certain cases.*—In so far as these rules make no provision or make insufficient provision, the Commissioner shall follow the procedure laid down in the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (V of 1908) for the trial of suits.

28. *Savings.*—Notwithstanding anything contained in these rules in the case of a minor accident, a Commissioner may follow such summary procedure as he thinks fit.

SCHEDULE

(See Rule 6)

PART I

Compensation for death or total disablement.

Where the monthly salary, or in the absence of a monthly salary, the average monthly income at the time of the accident of the person killed or injured was

Amount of compensation	
(a) for death	(b) for total disability
Rs.	Rs.
900	1,300
1,300	1,900
1,800	2,500
2,200	3,200
2,600	3,800
3,200	4,400
3,600	5,000
4,500	6,300
5,200	7,400
7,000	8,500
8,000	10,000
10,000	10,000

PART II

Compensation for partial disablement

Where the nature of the disablement is

Amount of compensation expressed as a percentage of the amount payable under Part I for total disablement.

loss of right arm above or at the elbow	.	.	.	.	70
" " left " " " "	.	.	.	.	60
" " right " below the elbow	.	.	.	.	60
" " leg at or above the knee	.	.	.	.	60
" " left arm below the elbow	.	.	.	.	50
" " leg below the knee	.	.	.	.	50
permanent total loss of hearing	.	.	.	.	50
loss of one eye	.	.	.	.	30
loss of thumb	.	.	.	.	25
loss of all toes of one foot	.	.	.	.	20
loss of one phalanx of thumb	.	.	.	.	10
loss of index finger	.	.	.	.	10
loss of great toe	.	.	.	.	10
loss of any finger other than index finger	.	.	.	.	5

Explanation.—Complete and permanent loss of the use of any limb or member referred to in this Part shall be deemed to be equivalent to the loss of that limb or member.

1898-TG.T

S. S. RAMASUBBAN, Secy.

MINISTRY OF LABOUR

New Delhi, the 22nd June 1950

S.R.O. 212.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 95 of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (XXXIV of 1948), the Central Government is pleased to make the following rules, the same having been previously published as required by sub-section (1) of the said Section, namely:—

RULES

CHAPTER I

1. Short title and extent.—(1) These Rules may be called the Employees' State Insurance (Central) Rules, 1950.

(2) They extend to all the States to which the Act applies and also to those Scheduled Areas to which the Act has been or may hereafter be applied under the Constitution.

2. Definitions.—In these Rules, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

- (1) "the Act" means the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (Act XXXIV of 1948);
- (2) "Chairman" means the Chairman of the Corporation, the Standing Committee or the Medical Benefit Council, as the case may be;
- (3) "Form" means a form appended to these Rules;
- (4) the "Fund" means the Employees' State Insurance Fund;
- (5) "Government Securities" means Government Securities as defined in the Indian Securities Act, 1920;
- (6) "immovable property" includes land, benefits to arise out of land, things attached to the earth, or permanently fastened to anything attached to the earth;
- (7) "movable property" means property of every description except immovable property;
- (8) "State Medical Commissioner" means a duly registered medical practitioner including a medical officer in the service of a State Government appointed as such by the Corporation;
- (9) "year" shall mean the financial year, that is to say, the period beginning from the first of April and ending with the thirty-first of March of the year following.

3. Election of members to the Standing Committee.—(1) The Chairman of the meeting shall, at a meeting of the Corporation at which it is proposed to elect members of the Standing Committee under clause (c) of section 8, invite members to propose names from among members of the Corporation belonging to the group from which election is to be made. The names proposed shall be duly seconded by another member of the Corporation.

(2) If the number proposed from any group for election does not exceed the number of vacancies to be filled from that group, the persons whose names have been so proposed shall be declared elected to the Standing Committee.

(3) If the number proposed for election from a group exceeds the number of vacancies to be filled therefrom, each member of the Corporation present at the meeting shall be given a ballot paper containing the names of all the candidates proposed and he shall be required to vote thereon for as many candidates

from the group as there are vacancies to be filled up. Not more than one vote shall be given in favour of any one candidate. If any member votes for more candidates than there are vacancies in the group or gives more than one vote in favour of any one candidate, all his votes shall be deemed to be invalid.

(4) The persons getting the highest number of votes shall be declared by the Chairman, at the meeting or as soon thereafter as possible, as duly elected to the Standing Committee:

Provided that where an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates and the addition of one vote will entitle any of the candidates to be declared to be elected, the determination of the person or persons to whom such one additional vote shall be deemed to have been given shall be made by lot to be drawn in the presence of the Chairman and in such manner as he may determine.

(5) If any question shall arise as to the validity of any election, it shall be referred to the Central Government whose decision in the matter shall be final.

4. Restoration to membership.—(1) A member of the Corporation, the Standing Committee or the Medical Benefit Council, who is to be a member by virtue of section 12, shall be informed of such fact by a letter sent to him by registered post. The letter shall also indicate that if he desires restoration to membership, he may apply therefor within thirty days from the receipt of the letter.

(2) The application under sub-rule (1) shall indicate the reasons which prevented him from attending three consecutive meetings and shall be addressed to the Chairman concerned.

(3) The application shall be placed before the next meeting of the Corporation, the Standing Committee or the Medical Benefit Council, as the case may be, and if a majority of the members present at such meeting are satisfied that the reasons for failure to attend three consecutive meetings are adequate, no shall be restored to membership immediately after a resolution to that effect is adopted.

(4) The benefit of restoration to membership as provided in this rule shall be allowed to a member only once during any one term as a member.

5. Fees and allowances of members.—(1) A non-official member of the Corporation, the Standing Committee or the Medical Benefit Council, as the case may be, residing at the place where a meeting is held shall be allowed the actual expenditure incurred on conveyance subject to a maximum of ten rupees for each day on which he attends one or more meetings.

(2) A non-official member not resident at the place where a meeting is held, shall be allowed travelling and daily allowances in respect of the meetings which he attends at the following rates, namely:—

(i) The travelling allowance shall be—

(a) in respect of journeys by air, the actual fare and one quarter of the standard air fare for the journey;

(b) in respect of journeys by rail, one and a half times the class one railway fare if the journey is performed in that class on payment of full fare, and in other cases the actual railway fare, any, paid and one half of the class one railway fare, from a to the usual place of business or from and to the place from to which the journey is actually performed by the member, whichever is less; and

(c) in respect of journeys by road performed otherwise than by a means of locomotion provided at the expense of Government or the Corporation, at the rate of mileage allowance admissible to officers of the first grade in the service of the Central Government. When the journey is performed by road between places connected by railway, mileage will be limited to what would have been admissible had the member travelled by rail in the ordinary way.

(ii) The daily allowance shall be at the maximum rate admissible to the officers of the first grade in the service of the Central Government and shall be payable in respect of each day on which the member attends one or more meetings:

Provided that the daily allowance shall also be admissible at the full rate for the day immediately preceding the date of commencement of a meeting if the member arrives at the place of the meeting before the afternoon of such preceding day, and also for the day immediately following the last day of the meeting if the member leaves the place of the meeting after the fore-noon of such following day.

NOTES.—(1) Travelling or daily allowance shall be allowed if member certifies that he has not drawn any travelling or daily allowance from any other source in respect of the journey and half for which the claim is made.

(2) The daily and travelling allowance shall also be payable in respect of the meetings of any sub-committee set up by the Corporation, the Standing Committee or the Medical Benefit Council.

6. Minimum number of meetings.—(1) The Corporation shall meet at least twice each year.

(2) The Standing Committee and the Medical Benefit Council shall meet at least four times each year.

(3) The Chairman may, whenever he thinks fit, and shall, within fifteen days of the receipt of a requisition in writing from not less than one-half of the members of the body concerned call a meeting thereof.

(4) Any requisition made under this rule shall specify the object of the meeting proposed to be called.

7. Roll of Members.—(1) The Corporation shall maintain a Roll of Members separately for the Corporation, the Standing Committee and the Medical Benefit Council. The name and the address of each member shall be stated therein.

(2) If a member changes his address, he shall notify such change to the Corporation for the correction of his address in the Roll.

8. Notice of meeting and list of business.—(1) The Chairman shall decide the date, time and place of every meeting. A notice of not less than twenty-one days from the date of issue shall ordinarily be given to every member, of each meeting of the Corporation, the Standing Committee or the Medical Benefit Council, as the case may be. Such notice may be sent to every member by post or in any other suitable manner. A list of business proposed to be transacted shall, after approval by the Chairman, be posted along with the notice. Brief notes on each item of the agenda shall be sent along with the agenda or as soon thereafter as possible. If it is necessary to convene an emergency meeting, a reasonable notice thereot shall be given to every member.

(2) No business other than that for which a meeting is convened shall be considered at that meeting, except with the permission of the Chairman of the meeting.

9. Chairman of the meeting.—The Chairman, or in his absence the Vice Chairman, if any, of the Corporation, the Standing Committee or the Medical Benefit Council, as the case may be, shall preside at the meetings in the event of the absence of both the Chairman and the Vice-Chairman, if any, the members present may elect one from amongst themselves to preside.

10. Quorum.—No business shall be transacted at any meeting unless a quorum of eleven members in the case of the Corporation, five members in the case of the Standing Committee and seven members in the case of the Medical Benefit Council, is present.

Provided that if at any meeting there is not a sufficient number of members present to form a quorum, the Chairman of the meeting may adjourn the meeting to a date not later than seven days from the date of the original meeting and it shall thereupon be lawful to dispose of the business at such adjourned meeting irrespective of the number of members attending.

11. Disposal of business.—Any business which requires consideration by the Corporation the Standing Committee or the Medical Benefit Council shall be considered at a meeting thereof:

Provided that the Chairman may, if he thinks fit, direct that the necessary papers may be referred for opinion to all members:

Provided further that the decision on any question which is so referred shall be acted upon if supported by not less than a two-thirds majority of the members of the body concerned. In other cases or where the Chairman so decides, the question shall be considered at a duly convened meeting.

12. Proceedings of the meetings.—(1) The proceedings of each meeting showing *inter alia* the names of the members present thereat, shall be forwarded to each member of the Corporation, the Standing Committee or the Medical Benefit Council, as the case may be, and to the Central Government as soon after the meeting as possible and in any case not later than four weeks after the meeting.

(2) The minutes of each meeting shall be confirmed with such modifications as may be considered necessary at the next meeting.

13. Minute-Books.—(1) The minutes of a meeting of the Corporation, the Standing Committee and the Medical Benefit Council shall be kept in separate books (hereinafter referred to as minute-books) and shall be signed by the Chairman of the meeting at which the proceedings are confirmed.

(2) A copy of the minutes so confirmed shall be forwarded to the Central Government within fifteen days from the date of such confirmation.

(3) The minute-books shall be kept open at the principal office of the Corporation during office hours on working days for inspection free of charge by any member of the Corporation.

(4) The minute-book of the Medical Benefit Council shall be kept open at the principal office of the Corporation during office hours on working days for inspection free of charge by any member of the Medical Benefit Council.

14. Powers and duties of the Medical Benefit Council.—The powers and duties of the Medical Benefit Council shall be—

(1) to advise the Corporation in regard to the constitution setting up duties and powers of the Regional and Local Medical Benefit Councils;

(2) to make recommendations to the Corporation in regard to—

(i) the scale and nature of medical benefit provided at hospitals, dispensaries, clinics and other institutions and the nature and the extent of the medicines, staff and equipment which shall be

maintained at such institutions and the extent to which these fall short of the desired standard;

- (ii) the medical formulary for use in connection with the medical benefit provided under the Act;
- (iii) medical certification, including the procedure and the forms for such certification, statistical returns, registers and other medical records;
- (iv) measures undertaken for the improvement of the health and welfare of insured persons, and the rehabilitation and re-employment of insured persons, disabled or injured;

(3) to advise the Corporation on any matter relating to the professional conduct of any medical practitioner employed for the purpose of providing medical benefit under the Act.

CHAPTER III

15. Salaries allowances and conditions of service of the Principal Officers.—

(1) The Principal Officers shall receive such salaries as may be determined by the Central Government.

(2) The Principal Officers shall receive dearness allowance, compensatory (city allowance), house rent and other allowances at such rates and such medical benefits as may be sanctioned for the officers of the Central Government on similar salaries in the localities where they are stationed.

(3) The Principal Officers shall be entitled to leave and leave salary under the model leave terms which may, from time to time be made applicable to the Central Government servants on contract on similar salaries.

(4) The Principal Officers shall be entitled to travelling allowances for journeys performed in the service of the Corporation on the scale provided for in the rules supplementary to the Fundamental Rules applicable to the class of officers to which the Central Government may declare them to correspond in status.

(5) The Principal Officers shall be entitled to the benefit of the Employees' State Insurance Corporation Provident Fund established under rule 47.

(6) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-rules (1) to (5), the pay, allowances and other conditions of service of a Principal Officer, if he is a person already in the service of the Government, shall be such as may be determined by the Central Government in each individual case.

16. Powers and duties of the Director General.—(1) The powers and duties of the Director General shall be—

- (i) to act as the Chief Executive Officer of the Corporation;
- (ii) to co-ordinate, supervise and control the work of the other Principal Officers;
- (iii) to convene, under the orders of the Chairman, meetings of the Corporation, the Standing Committee and the Medical Benefit Council in accordance with the Act and the Rules and to implement the decisions reached at the meetings;
- (iv) to enter into contracts on behalf of the Corporation in accordance with the Act or the Rules or Regulations made thereunder or the general or special instructions of the Corporation or the Standing Committee;
- (v) to furnish all returns and documents required by the Act or the Rules to the Central Government and to correspond with the Central

Government and the State Governments upon all matters concerning the Corporation; and

(vi) to undertake such other duties and to exercise such other powers as may from time to time be entrusted or delegated to him.

(2) The Director General may, with the approval of the Standing Committee, by general or special order, delegate any of his powers or duties under the Rules or the Regulations or under any resolution of the Corporation or the Standing Committee, as the case may be, to any person subordinate to him. The exercise or discharge of any of the powers or duties so delegated shall be subject to such restrictions, limitations and conditions, if any, as the Director General may, with the approval of the Standing Committee impose.

17. Powers and duties of the Insurance Commissioner.—The powers and duties of the Insurance Commissioner shall subject to the control of the Director General be—

- (i) to arrange, subject to the control of the Director General, for the establishment of the once and Regional offices for the administration of the Act;
- (ii) to arrange for inspection of subordinate offices;
- (iii) to investigate all complaints referred to by the Regional Boards and the Local Committees; and
- (iv) to undertake such other duties and to exercise such other powers as may, from time to time, be entrusted or delegated to him.

18. Powers and duties of the Medical Commissioner.—(1) The powers and duties of the Medical Commissioner shall subject to the control of the Director General be—

- (i) to supervise, direct and co-ordinate the working of the medical organisation of the Corporation;
- (ii) to advise on the lay-out, planning and construction of hospitals and dispensaries and in regard to sickness recording;
- (iii) to examine the records of sickness and accident and to suggest measures for improving health conditions in areas where the Act is in force;
- (iv) to conduct such medical research as may be authorised by the Corporation on the advice of the Medical Benefit Council;
- (v) to arrange for the inspection of hospitals, dispensaries, clinics and other institutions where medical benefit under the Act is provided by the State Governments, the Corporation or the employers;
- (vi) to advise regarding the adequacy of medical treatment provided by the factories or establishments applying for exemption;
- (vii) to investigate complaints made by insured persons with regard to medical benefit;
- (viii) to devise forms, and registers for keeping the records of insured persons by institutions where medical benefit under the Act is provided; and
- (ix) to undertake such other duties and to exercise such other powers as may, from time to time, be entrusted or delegated to him.

(2) The duties and powers of the Medical Commissioner may be delegated to the State Medical Commissioner with the approval of the Director General

subject to such general or special directions as may be issued from time to time by the Medical Commissioner with the approval of the Director General.

19. Powers and duties of the Chief Accounts officer.—The powers and duties of the Chief Accounts Officer shall subject to the control of the Director General be—

- (i) to maintain the accounts of the Corporation and to arrange for the compilation of accounts by the return of returns from the Centres and Regions,
- (ii) to prepare the budget of the Corporation,
- (iii) to arrange for internal audit of the accounts of the Centres and Regions and of the receipts and payments thereof,
- (iv) to make recommendations for the management of the Fund of the Corporation and
- (v) to undertake such other duties and to exercise such other powers as may, from time to time, be entrusted or delegated to him.

20. Powers and duties of the Actuary.—The powers and duties of the Actuary shall subject to the control of the Director General be—

- (i) to collect, compile and analyse statistics relating to the working of the Corporation,
- (ii) to advise the Director General on all actuarial and statistical problems relating to the working of the Corporation,
- (iii) to detect and prevent excessive claims and
- (iv) to undertake such other duties and exercise such other powers as may, from time to time, be entrusted or delegated to him.

CHAPTER IV

21. Bank or banks for depositing the Fund.—(1) All moneys accruing or payable to the Fund shall be received by such officers of the Corporation as may be authorised by it in this behalf. The amount so received shall as soon as practicable be acknowledged by a receipt in Form 1 and deposited in the Reserve or the Imperial Bank of India or such scheduled bank, as may be approved for this purpose by the Central Government, to the account of the Fund.

Provided that any moneys may also be paid directly to the account of the Fund in any such bank.

(2) The receipt book in Form 1 shall be numbered serially by machine and the unused forms shall be kept in the custody of the Chief Accounts Officer or such other officer of the Corporation as may be authorised by the Corporation in this behalf.

22. Procedure for crediting moneys to the Banks.—(1) All moneys received or payable to the Corporation shall be credited to the approved bank and not utilis directly to any purpose.

(2) The bank or banks shall be required at the end of every calendar month to furnish to the Corporation or such officer as may be authorised by it in this behalf a statement of the amounts deposited in and withdrawn from the Fund during the month. These statements shall be examined by the Director General before the expiry of a period of two months following the period to which the statements relate.

23. Purpose and manner of payment out of the Fund.—(1) The accounts of the Fund shall be operated on by such officers as may be authorised by the Standing Committee with the approval of the Corporation.

(2) No payment shall be made by the bank or banks out of the Fund except on a cheque signed by such officers as may be authorised under sub-rule (1)

(3) Any payment in excess of one hundred rupees shall be made by means of a cheque signed as aforesaid and not in any other way unless specifically authorised by the Standing Committee:

Provided that payment of salaries to the employees of the Corporation drawing a basic salary not exceeding rupees two hundred and fifty a month may be made in cash

(4) No payment shall be made out of the Fund unless the expenditure is covered by a current budget grant.

Provided that in the absence of a current budget grant, the Corporation may authorise payments either generally or for any particular case:

Provided further that the payment of benefits to insured persons under the provisions of the Act and of the pay and allowances of duly sanctioned posts shall not be withheld for want of a sanctioned budget grant

24. Circumstances in which cheques may be drawn.—Before any person authorised under rule 23 signs a cheque, he shall satisfy himself that the sum for which the cheque is drawn is—

- (i) required for a purpose or work specifically sanctioned by the proper authority and covered by a current budget grant; and
- (ii) required for any payment referred to and specified under section 28.

Provided that in the absence of a current budget grant the Corporation may authorise payments either generally or for any particular case:

Provided further that the payment of benefits to insured persons under the provisions of the Act and of the pay and allowances of duly sanctioned posts shall not be withheld for want of a sanctioned budget grant

25. Acquisition of property.—Subject to the provisions of rule 29 and such conditions as may, from time to time be laid down by the Corporation, the Director General may, for the purposes of this Act, acquire on behalf of the Corporation movable or immovable property

Provided that sanction of the Standing Committee shall be required for the exchange of any immovable property, for the taking of any property on lease for a term exceeding twelve months, or for the acceptance of any gift or bequest of property burdened by an obligation

NOTE.—The sanction of the Standing Committee may be given either generally or for any class of cases or specially for any particular case

26. Disposal of property.—Subject to the provisions of rule 29 and such conditions as may be laid down by the Corporation from time to time, the Director General may—

- (i) dispose of by sale or exchange, any movable property belonging to the Corporation, the value of which does not exceed ten thousand rupees in each case, or grant for any term not exceeding twelve months a lease of any immovable property belonging to the Corporation;
- (ii) with the sanction of the Standing Committee, lease, sell or otherwise dispose of any movable or immovable property belonging to the Corporation.

NOTE.—The sanction of the Standing Committee may be given either generally or for any class of cases or specially for any particular case.

27. Investment, transfer or realisation of the Fund.—(1) All moneys belonging to the Fund which are not immediately required for expenses properly defrayable under the Act, may, subject to the approval of the Standing Committee, be invested by the Director General—

- (i) in Government securities including Treasury Deposit Receipts; or
- (ii) in securities mentioned or referred to in clauses (a) to (d) of section 20 of the Indian Trusts Act, 1882 (II of 1882); or
- (iii) as fixed deposit in the Reserve or the Imperial Bank of India.

(2) Moneys belonging to the Fund shall not be invested in any other manner except with the prior approval of the Central Government.

(3) Any investment made under this rule may, subject to the provisions of sub-rules (1) and (2), be varied, transposed or realised from time to time:

Provided, however, that if such variation, transposition or realisation is likely to result in a loss, the prior approval of the Central Government shall be obtained.

(4) The Central Government may, at any time, direct the vacation in part or in whole, or prohibit investment, in any security or class of securities or any land or building.

(5) All dividends, interest or other sums received in respect of any investment shall, as soon as possible after receipt, be paid into or credited to the account of the Fund.

(6) The expenses of or the loss, if any, arising from any investment shall be charged to the Fund and the profit, if any, from the sale of any investment shall also accrue to the Fund.

(7) The approval under sub-rules (1) and (2) of the Standing Committee or the Central Government, as the case may be, may be given with or without any conditions either generally or in any particular case.

28. Raising and repayment of loans.—(1) (i) The Corporation may, in pursuance of a resolution passed at a meeting of the Standing Committee, and with the prior approval of the Central Government, raise loans for the purposes of the Act

(ii) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, the Corporation may raise loans—

- (a) for the acquisition of land and/or the raising buildings thereon; or
- (b) to repay a loan raised under this rule; or
- (c) for any other purpose approved by the Central Government.

(2) All loans under this rule shall be obtained—

- (i) from the Central Government on such rates of interest and such terms as to the time and method of repayment as the Central Government may specify, or
- (ii) with the approval of the Central Government, from the Reserve or the Imperial Bank of India or any other scheduled bank.

NOTE.—The approval of the Central Government may be given, with or without any conditions, either generally or for any particular case.

(3) Where a loan is obtained from the Reserve or the Imperial Bank of India as provided in clause (ii) of sub-rule (2), the Corporation may, with the approval of the Central Government, grant mortgages of all or any of the property vested in it for securing the repayment of the sums so advanced, with interest.

(4) All payments due from the Corporation for interest on and repayment of loans shall be made in such manner and at such times as may have been agreed upon

Provided that the Corporation may apply any sums which can be so applied, in repaying any amount due in respect of the principal of any loan although the repayment of the same may not be due

(5) No expenditure incurred out of a loan shall be charged by the Corporation to capital except with the previous sanction (or under the direction) of the Central Government

(6) The Corporation shall submit to the Central Government an annual statement by the thirtieth of April each year showing the loans raised and repayments made during the preceding year

29. Procedure for execution of contracts.—(1) The Corporation may enter into and perform all such contracts as it may consider necessary or expedient for carrying into effect the provisions of the Act

(2) Every contract made under or for any purpose of the Act shall be made on behalf of the Corporation—

(i) by the Director General or

(ii) subject to such conditions as it may specify, by such member or officer of the Corporation as it may authorise

Provided that the prior sanction of the Standing Committee shall be obtained in respect of any contract involving an expenditure exceeding ten thousand rupees

(3) Every contract entered into by any person as provided in sub rule (2) shall be entered into in such manner and form as would bind him if it were made on his own behalf and may in like manner and form be varied or discharged

Provided that the Commissioner or official seal, as the case may be, of the Corporation shall be affixed to every contract for amounts exceeding one thousand rupees

30. Seal.—(1) The common seal of the Corporation shall remain in the custody of the Director General and shall not be affixed to any instrument except in the presence of the Director General or two members of the Standing Committee, and the Director General or the said two members shall sign the contract in token of the fact that the same was sealed in his or their presence

(2) The Corporation shall have for use at each of such other of its offices as it may specify, an official seal which shall be a facsimile of the common seal of the Corporation with the addition of the name of the office where it is to be used

(3) The official seal shall not be affixed to any instrument except in the presence of such person or persons as the Standing Committee may authorise in this behalf and such person or persons shall sign the instrument in token of the fact that the same was sealed in his or their presence

(4) An instrument to which an official seal is duly affixed shall bind the Corporation as if it had been sealed with the common seal of the Corporation

CHAPTER V

31 Preparation and submission of annual budget estimates.—(1) The Budget estimates of the Corporation for each financial year beginning on the first of April and ending on the thirty-first of March next shall be prepared by the Chief Accounts Officer in such form as the Central Government may from time to time direct and shall be submitted with his recommendations by the Director

General to the Standing Committee for approval at a meeting of the Standing Committee to be held before the First of October of the preceding year.

(2) A copy of the budget estimates shall be sent to each member of the Standing Committee and of the Corporation at least seven clear days before the meeting of the Standing Committee or the Corporation at which these estimates are to be considered.

(3) The Standing Committee shall consider and approve the budget estimates with such changes as it may consider necessary.

(4) The budget estimates as approved by the Standing Committee shall be placed before a meeting of the Corporation to be held before the twentieth of October of the preceding year.

(5) The budget estimates as passed by the Corporation shall be authenticated by affixing the common seal of the Corporation and shall be submitted to the Central Government under section 32 not later than the first of November next following.

(6) It shall be open to the Central Government to make such alterations in the budget estimates as may be considered necessary before according approval.

(7) The budget estimates as finally adopted by the Corporation and as approved by the Central Government shall be placed before the Parliament by the Administrative Ministry concerned and published in the official Gazette as soon as possible after the Central Government budget estimates have been approved by the Parliament.

32. Supplementary estimates.—The Standing Committee may cause a supplementary estimate to be prepared and submitted to the Corporation, if in respect of any financial year further expenditure is likely to be incurred. Every such supplementary estimate shall be considered and sanctioned by the Corporation and submitted to the Central Government in the same manner as if it were an original annual estimate, not later than the fifteenth of February of the financial year to which it relates. The provisions of rule 31 shall, so far as may be, apply to such supplementary estimate.

33. Reappropriation.—(1) If the Director General finds in the course of the year that there is likely to be an excess of expenditure over the sanctioned budget estimate under any head, he shall examine the allotment under each head of the budget estimate with the object of discovering probable savings under any other head and effecting a reappropriation. Where such reappropriation is feasible, he may sanction the reappropriation subject to such conditions as may be laid down by the Central Government from time to time.

(2) Funds shall not be reappropriated to meet expenditure on a new service not contemplated in the budget estimates except with the prior approval of the Central Government.

(3) No reappropriation shall be permitted between the grant sanctioned for administrative expenses, two thirds of which shall be met by the Central Government, and a grant sanctioned for any other expenditure.

34. Maintenance of accounts.—The Corporation shall maintain complete and accurate accounts in such form as the Standing Committee may, with the approval of the Central Government, specify from time to time. The books shall be balanced on the thirty-first of March each year.

35. Revenue Accounts.—The Corporation shall prepare Revenue Accounts for the financial year ended on the thirty-first March and Balance Sheet as on the thirty-first March, by the thirty-first of May:

Provided that on the application of the Corporation, the Central Government may extend the said date by a period not exceeding thirty days:

Provided further that the Corporation may, and if so required by the Central Government shall, cause to be prepared the Revenue Accounts and the Balance Sheet for any other period or as on any other date.

36. Appointment of Auditors.—The Central Government shall, in any case not later than the thirtieth of April immediately following the close of each financial year, appoint auditors to audit the accounts for the financial year and shall notify their appointment to the Corporation and in the official Gazette.

37. Production of accounts before the auditors.—The annual accounts shall be set out and produced before the auditors for scrutiny on or before the fifteenth of June each year following the close of the financial year to which they relate:

Provided that on the application of the Corporation the Central Government may extend the said date by a period not exceeding thirty days.

38. Powers of auditors.—The Corporation shall submit all accounts to the auditors as required by them. The auditors may—

- (i) by written notice, require the production before them or before any officer subordinate to them, of any document which they may consider necessary for the proper conduct of their audit;
- (ii) by written notice, require any person accountable for, or having the custody or control of, any such document, to appear in person before them or before any officer subordinate to them; and
- (iii) require any person so appearing before them or before any officer subordinate to them to make and sign a declaration with respect to such document or to answer any question or prepare and submit any statement.

39. Report of auditors.—The auditors report on the annual accounts to the Corporation on such date and in such form as the Central Government may specify in this behalf and shall state whether in their opinion the Balance Sheet is a full and fair Balance Sheet containing all necessary particulars and properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the state of the Corporation's affairs and in case they have failed for any explanation or information from the Corporation or any of its officers whether it has been given and whether it is satisfactory.

40. Consideration of reports of auditors.—The annual accounts together with the auditors' report thereon shall be considered by the Standing Committee and shall, together with an annual report on the work and activities of the Corporation, be placed for adoption at a meeting of the Corporation to be held before the fifteenth of October following the close of the financial year concerned.

41. Authentication of annual accounts and reports.—The annual accounts and reports as adopted by the Corporation shall be authenticated by affixing the common seal of the Corporation and four copies thereof shall be submitted to the Central Government not later than the first of November next following.

42. Cost of Audit.—The cost of audit shall be paid by the Corporation by such date as may be specified by the Central Government.

43. Publication of accounts.—The Corporation shall publish the annual accounts and the auditors' report thereon together with replies to each item included in the report within three months of their submission to the Central Government.

44. Impropriety or irregularity in accounts.—(1) The auditors shall submit to the Corporation and the Central Government a separate statement, if necessary, in regard to—

- (i) any material impropriety or irregularity which they may observe in the expenditure, or in the recovery of moneys due to, or in the accounts of the Corporation, or
- (ii) Any loss or waste of money or other property owned by or vested in the Corporation which has been caused by neglect or misconduct, with the names of the persons who in their opinion are directly or indirectly responsible for such loss or waste.

(2) The Standing Committee shall forthwith remedy any defect or irregularity that may be pointed out by the auditors and shall report to the Central Government the action taken by it thereon within ninety days of the receipt of the report of the auditors.

Provided that if there is a difference of opinion between the Standing Committee and the auditors, or if the Standing Committee does not remedy any defect or irregularity within a reasonable period, the Central Government may, and on a reference specifically made therefor, shall, pass such orders thereon as they think fit and the Standing Committee shall thereupon take action in accordance therewith within such time as may be specified by the Central Government.

45. Disallowance of expenditure incurred and surcharge for loss or deficiency.—(1) The Standing Committee or any authority authorised by it in this behalf may after giving the person concerned an opportunity to submit an explanation and after considering any such explanation, disallow any item of account contrary to the provisions of the Act or of the rules or regulations made thereunder, and surcharge the same on the person making or authorising the making of payment of such account and shall charge against any person accounting, the amount of any deficiency or loss incurred by the negligence or misconduct of that person, or of any sum which ought to have been but is not brought into account by that person and shall in every such case certify the amount due from such person.

Provided that no certificate made by the authority authorised by the Standing Committee shall have effect unless it is approved by the Standing Committee.

(2) The Standing Committee shall state in writing its reasons for every disallowance, surcharge or charge made or approved by it and shall serve a certificate of the amount due and a copy of the reasons for its decision on the person against whom the certificate is made and shall also furnish copies thereof to the Central Government.

(3) Any person aggrieved by a certificate made under this rule may, within one month from the date of the service of certificate on him under sub-rule (2), file an application to the Central Government for setting aside or modifying the disallowance, surcharge or charge in respect of which the certificate was made.

(4) On receipt of an application under sub-rule (3) or on its own motion, the Central Government may, after making such inquiry as may be necessary, pass such order as it thinks fit either confirming, modifying or setting aside the disallowance, surcharge or charge in respect of which the certificate was made, and the Standing Committee shall thereupon take action in accordance with such order within such time as may be specified by the Central Government.

(5) The Central Government may by order direct that all further action under the certificate made under this rule shall be stayed until the disposal of the matter pending before a under sub-rule (4).

46. Recovery of amounts certified to be due.—(1) Every sum certified to be due from any person by the Standing Committee or if the certificate has been modified by the Central Government, the sum shown to be due from such person in the modified certificate shall be paid by such person to the Corporation within three months after he has been served with the certificate of the Standing Committee or within such longer period as may be allowed by the Central Government and such sum if not so paid shall be recovered as if it were an arrear of land revenue.

(2) Any sum paid at a sum paid or recovered the certificate in respect of which is set aside in the said shall be wholly or partly refunded to the person who paid it.

CHAPTER VI

47. Establishment of Provident Fund.—The Corporation shall establish maintain and contribute to a Provident Fund called the Employees State Insurance Corporation Provident Fund hereinafter referred to as the Provident Fund in respect of its employees other than those whose services are placed at the disposal of the Corporation by the Central or State Government.

48. Administration of the Provident Fund.—The Provident Fund shall be administered by the Standing Committee of the Corporation or by any other Committee appointed by it in the manner and subject to such conditions as it may deem fit to do.

49. Framing of Provident Fund Regulations.—The Corporation may subject to the previous approval of the Central Government make regulations to provide for all other matters incidental to or necessary for the Provident Fund.

FORMS

FORM 1

(See Rule 21)

Book Number	Receipt Number	Book Number	Receipt Number
----------------	-------------------	----------------	-------------------

Received from

Received from

the sum of Rs

the sum of Rs ..

(in words)

or (in words)

on

account of

account of

Rs

Rs

Chief Accounts Officer
Authorised Officer

Central Units Officer
Authorised Officer

Entered in Cash Book No.

The Employees State Insurance Corporation

Accountant

[N. S. 122(1)]

N. M. F. D. Secy

